

ARCHIVED - Archiving Content

Archived Content

Information identified as archived is provided for reference, research or recordkeeping purposes. It is not subject to the Government of Canada Web Standards and has not been altered or updated since it was archived. Please contact us to request a format other than those available.

ARCHIVÉE - Contenu archivé

Contenu archivé

L'information dont il est indiqué qu'elle est archivée est fournie à des fins de référence, de recherche ou de tenue de documents. Elle n'est pas assujettie aux normes Web du gouvernement du Canada et elle n'a pas été modifiée ou mise à jour depuis son archivage. Pour obtenir cette information dans un autre format, veuillez communiquer avec nous.

This document is archival in nature and is intended for those who wish to consult archival documents made available from the collection of Public Safety Canada.

Some of these documents are available in only one official language. Translation, to be provided by Public Safety Canada, is available upon request. Le présent document a une valeur archivistique et fait partie des documents d'archives rendus disponibles par Sécurité publique Canada à ceux qui souhaitent consulter ces documents issus de sa collection.

Certains de ces documents ne sont disponibles que dans une langue officielle. Sécurité publique Canada fournira une traduction sur demande.



BC Justice Reform Initiative Idle No More

Summit on Economics of Policing January 17, 2012 Geoff Cowper, QC Review Chair

Summit Questions

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Summit Questions

• Two Questions:

- Briefing on BC Reform Initiative
- How can Police Talk to Lawyers?

TERMS OF REFERENCE

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

Rationale:

- Data suggests that the observable "business" of criminal justice is down, but timeliness remains a significant challenge
- Need for a framework in which independent criminal justice system participants can have a common dialogue and understand the system

Objectives:

- <u>Short term</u>: determine priority areas for immediate action
- Long term:
 - Focus on the practical structural or institutional changes that should be made to foster constitutionally appropriate collaboration among the various participants in the criminal justice system
 - Promote a culture of continuous improvement.

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

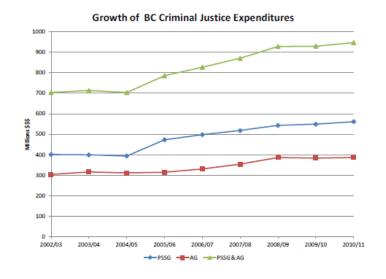
Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

- Final report delivered in August, 2012 www.bcjusticereform.ca
- Despite the sharp decrease in crime rate in British Columbia, costs and delay in the justice system are increasing.
 - People are held awaiting trial much longer.
 - People on bail await trial much longer.
 - Charges related to violations of court orders are increasing.
 - A small percentage of cases are taking longer to resolve.
 - The system is costing more in real terms every year.



A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

Barriers to Problem-Solving in the System

- Complexity.
- Entrenched culture and traditions of the justice system

Some Recommended Areas of Reform

- Ending the Culture of Delay: Establish timeliness measures, provide transparency and establish accountability for system performance.
- Province-wide crime reduction plan.
- Scaling risk assessment and rehabilitation expertise in corrections across system
- Improve Managerial Capacity: Enhance Ministerial effectiveness;
 Formalise collaborative networks; include modern management methods; engage public effectively.
- Approaching the management of operations with business analysis techniques
- Systems approach should emphasise early resolution
- Outcomes for the individual and public should be priority

Surface Problems

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Surface Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

The key obstacles to an efficient criminal justice system are:

- **Backlog** in the amount of cases,
- **Delayed** Resolution,
- Churn
- Unmanaged length of hearings,

Underlying Problems

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Underlying Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

The systemic obstacles to an efficient criminal justice system include:

- Misfit between public expectation and performance
- Lack of confidence in Possibility of Solutions
- Loss of faith in goals
- Loss of market share and policy support

History

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

History

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

Prior efforts to address problems:

- 1641
- 2000
- 2004
- 2006

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice

System for the 21st

Century

Comparative Jurisdictions

Alberta

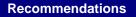
•

- Use court time more efficiently,
- Move administrative matters • outside the
- Assign a court room only for • those matters ready to proceed
- Crown file ownership

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence





Comparative Jurisdictions

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations



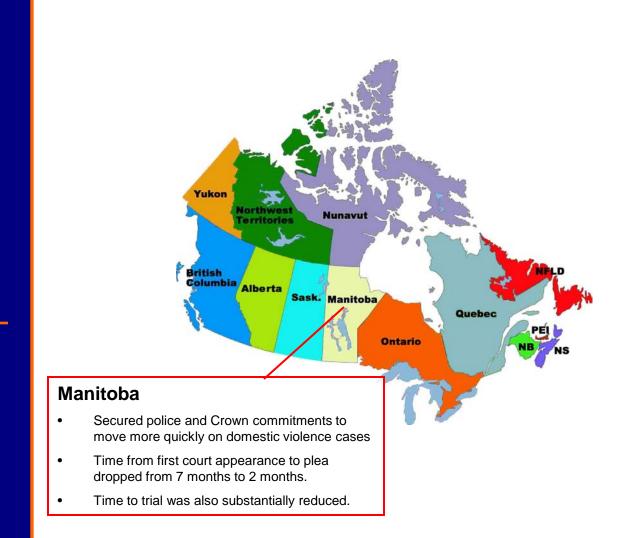
Ontario

- 4 year Justice on Target project
- <u>Objective</u>: reduce time to disposition by 30% and the number of appearances per case by 30%.
- Develop effective working relationships between all the participants in the criminal justice system.
- Achieve transparency

Increase access to legal aid

- Increase use of accountability programs for low-risk offenders
- Reduce appearances

Comparative Jurisdictions



Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

Independence

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

Independence

- "Ultimately, the sole purpose of the concept is to ensure that every citizen who comes before the court will have [their] case heard by a judge who is free of governmental or private pressures that may impinge upon the ability of that judge to render a fair and unbiased decision in accordance with the law" – The Seaton Report
- System characterised by independence: investigatorial, prosecutorial, defence, and judicial
- Different cultures of independence: B.C. experience.
- Independence: Resource or Barrier to Reform?
- Environment of Transparency and Accountability

Recommendations

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Independence

Recommendations

- Ending the Culture of Delay: Establish timeliness measures, provide transparency and establish accountability for system performance.
- Province-wide crime reduction plan.
- Scaling risk assessment and rehabilitation expertise in corrections across system
- Improve Managerial Capacity: Enhance Ministerial effectiveness; Formalise collaborative networks; include modern management methods; engage public effectively.
- Approaching the management of operations with business analysis techniques
- Systems approach should emphasise early resolution Outcomes for the individual and public should be priority

Talking to Lawyers

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Talking to Lawyers

Recommendations

Be Bold

•

- Concerns are not misplaced
- Public Support and Accountability
- Be Strategic
 - Timeliness
 - Idle No More: Officers in Corridors
- Provide Solutions
 - Collaboration is Possible
- Leverage Transparency
 - Vancouver Riot Cases

Best of times

Terms of Reference

A Criminal Justice System for the 21st Century

Key Problems

Comparative Jurisdictions

Best of times

New Tools

•

- Leadership Expectations
- Systems thinking
- Modern Management and Information Systems
- Transparency and Accountability
- Public Support and Expectations.

